# THREE NETH SPE(OES (OF LIZARDA FROM THE PHILIPPINE LaLANDA. 

## By Leosinmo stenchar.


 most unsatisfactory objects for identification among the skinks. not on account of any great amount of individual rarialility. but chiefly Tocalse of the small size of the specimens. their thiny surface making the distinction of sentes and the comnting of scale- reer difficult and tedions the slight. but apparently important differences in proportions and size of bodys legs, and ear-openings, and the great -uperficial resemblance of many of the -pecie- both as regarde shape. coloration. and arrangement of head-shield. Add to this that eren standard descriptions of the most recent author- fail to indicate -uch important structural charactern as the temporal shields or seales. and it will be maderstood that the -tudy of the forms is not a rery casy one.

On the other hand, the large Tropidophorus offers no whe diftirulties. and the new species described below forms at conspicuns and casily identified addition to the Philippine reptile fama.

## SPHENOMORPHUS ATRIGULARIS, new species.

Itiegnosis.-No supramasals: fronto-masal broadly in contact with rostral: fronto-parietals di-tinct: four large supraoculars: no auricular lobules: di-tance between tip of snont and fore leg about once and a half in distance between axil and groin: fourth the sarcely longer than third: head ame looly nearly equalling length of tail: temporal region covered by scales ecarcely larger than dormals.

IIcritut.-Mindanas. Plilippine I-land..
 base of Malindang Momentains, 1.100 feet altitude. Misamis Prorince. N. W. Mindanao: May 2t. 1906: Dr. E. A. Mearns. U. S. A.. collector:

Dexcription of type-specimens (figs. 1, 2)...snout short, obtuse: no supranasals: fronto-nasal broader than long, broadly in contact with rostral, separated from frontal by prefrontals, which are broadly in contact: frontal almost triangular, pointed behind, not longer than fronto-parietals, much shorter than fronto-parietals and interparietal together: fronto-parietals separated by a suture: interparictal large. as wide as frontal, losenge-shaped, almost equilateral: parietals in contact behind interparietal; four supraoculars, subequal, the two anterior in contact with frontal; eight smperciliaries; nostril pierced in nasal: a single frenal behind nasal: lower eyelid scaly: supralabials separated from eye by a row of small scales; fourth supralabial beneath center of eye; temporals not differentiated as shields. consioting only of ordinary cecloid scales but slightly larger than those on the back: no enlarged muchals: ear-opening roundish, large, fully two-thirds the eye-opening: 30 :mooth scales aromen the middle of the body : a pair of enlarged


2


Figs. 1, 2.-SphenoMORPHUS ATRIGULARIS. $2 \frac{2}{3} \times$ NATURAL SIZE. 1, TOP OF HEAJ; 2, SIDE OF HEAD. No. 37386, U.S.N.M. preanals: legs weak and digits short: the distance between tip of snout and fore leg contained about once and one-half in distance between axilla and groin: hind leg slightly longer than distance from center of eye to fore leg; adpressed fore and hind legs fail to meet on the side of the body by more than the length of the foot: third toe almost as long as fourth: 10 smooth lamelle under fourth toe; tail cylindric. slightly longer than head and body together. without enlarged scales underneath. Color (in alcohol) above chestmut brown, very indistinctly spotted with paler and darker brown: a well-defined blackish lateral band from eye to groin and continned behind thigh along the side of the tail, with -mall whitish spots and bordered above on neck and anterior half, of back by a narrow pale brown band; lips, chin, throat, neck underneath and on the sides bluish black, the sutures more or less regularly edged with whitish; rest of underside and flank whitish, densely -prinkled with minnte dark brown dots on sides. lower abdomen, underside of legs and tail: lege above dark brown, with small, pale spots.

Itimensious.

| Dimensious. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total lengt | mm. |
| Tip of snout to vent | 31 |
| Tip of snont to fore lear | 11 |
| Width of heat | T |
| Axilla to sroin | 16 |
| Pent to tip of tail | 33 |
| Fore leg | 6 |
| Hind lext .....- | 9 |

Remurks．－This species，represented loy á single well－presemped specimen，needs no comparison with the other Plilippine species． In many respects it seems to resemble sphenomorphus temmincliii （Duméril and Bibron）from Jara，to which it may be related，a point which（ann not be decided lere as the descriptions published of this rare species fail to mention the character of the temporals．From this species it differs among other thinges by its smaller size and the relatively much shorter tail．

## SPHENOMORPHUS STEEREI，new species．

Jiagnosis，－No supranasals：fronto－nasal broadly in contact with rostral：fronto－parietals fused：four large supraoculars：no auricular lobules；fourth toe much longer than third：head and body equalling length of tail；well－differentiated temporal scutes； 30 scale rows around the middle of the body：ear－opening large，about two－thirds the eye－opening，nearer to the fore leg than to the tip of snomt．

IIabitat．－Gumaras Island，Philippines．
Type．－Cat．No．3265s，U．S．N．M．；Guimaras Island；Prof．J．B． Steere，collector．

Description of type－specimen（figs．3，4）．－Snont somewhat elongate and pointed ；no supranasals ：fronto－nasal broader than long．in contaet with rostal，separated from frontal by prefrontals． which are broadly in contact：frontal shorter than fronto－parietal，in contact with first and second supra－ oculars：fronto－parietals elongate，fused into a single shield：interparietal long and narrow，shaped like and but slightly shorter than frontal；parietals large， barely in contact behind interparietal：four supra－ ocnlars，first largest：seven superciliaries：nostril pierced in nasal；two rertical frenals behind masal： lower eyelid scaly；suprababials separated from eye by a row of small scales；fifth supralabial under center of eye；two anterior temporals well differentiated，the upper being a large wedge－shaped shiekd：no enlarged nuchals；ear－opening circular．large，two－thirds the eye－opening，its center considerably nearer the inser－ tion of the fore leg than the tip of the snont； 30 smooth


Figs．3，1．－SPHE－ NOMORPHES STEERII． $2 \frac{?}{3} \times$ NATCRAL S1\％F 3．TOP OF HEAD； 4．SIDF OF HEAD
 N．．． scales around the middle of the body：a pair of enlarged preanals： legs moderately developed，digits slender：hind leg equals distance from center of eye to fore leg：fourth toe much longer than third． with 12 lamellæ on underside：tail as long as head and body，tapering from the base，without enlarged scales underneath．Color（in alcohol） above mummy brown，with a seriés of indistinct．elongate dusky spots on the median line of the back：a narrow，dark brown dorso－lateral
band from the temporal region above the insertions of the legs to the side of the tail，edged above ley an indistinct pale line ：hips and under－ side unspotted，pale：legs above reticulated with brown．

Inimensions．

|  | $m m$ 。 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Totall lenerth | 47 |
| T＇ip of shout to vent | $\because 4$ |
| ＇lij）of shout to fore legr | 12 |
| W＇idtlı oft leat | 4.5 |
| Vent to tip oft tiril． | 2：3 |
| Fore legr | （i） |
| Hind legr | 10） |

Remorix．－In proportions，coloration．size of ear－opening，and gen－ eral conformation of the upper head－shields，this new species，which I dedicate to its discorerer．Prof．J．B．Steere．in recognition of his contributions to Philippine zoology．agrees very well with xpheno－ morphus decipiens（Boulenger），but the latter has 36 scale rows aromed the middle of the body．In many respects it also resembles s．mocllemdorfit（Boetger）．Lout the more backward position of the ear－opening which seems to tee such a characteristic feature of $S$ ． stereci is alone sufficient to vindicate specifie distinction for it．

## TROPIDOPHORUS MISAMINIUS，new species．

Diagnosis．－Dorsals strongly keeled：fronto－parietals distinct；a single large preanal；sixth and serenth supralabials largest and entering the orlit；parietals not in contact behind interparietal； rentrals smaller than demals．

Itebitut．－－Mindanao．Philippine Islands．
 base of Malindang Momatains， 1.100 feet altitude．Misamis Province．
 collector．

Iescription of type－sperimen．－Adult male（figs．万，（i）：upper head－ shields smooth；fronto－nasal slightly longer than broad：prefrontals broadly in contact：frontal as long as fronto－parietals and interpari－ etal together，in contact with three anterion supraoculans：five supra－ oculars．first longest．fifth smallest：two or three anterior super－ ciliaries large．followed by six rery small ones，none behind the suture between third and fourth supraocular ；fronto－parietals separ－ ate．shorter than interparietal：parietals not in contact behind inter－ parietal：nostril in a single nasal，which is followed by two loreals， one behind the other：anterior row of temporals differentiated from the scales behind，the upper three being shorter and broader，the lower two long and narrow；eight supralabials，the anterior five
low and subequal, the sixth sudtenly muth higher and twice ats wide, seventh equalling sixth and with the latter entering the orbit, from which they are separated, however, by a single row of small seales as large as the smaller superciliaries; a large mupared postmental followed by three paiss of large summatibulars, the fwo anterior pairs of which are in contact on the middle line ; ear-opening wal, erect, smaller than eye-opening: 82. scales aromd the midtle of the body; doreals, ten in the shielded part of the heal. and laterals strongly keeled, not mucronate, the keel. forming eight straight lines on the back; ventrals smooth. perceptibly smaller than the dorsals, twelve in a head length; a single very large preanal plate; third finger almost as long as fourth; subdigital lamella smooth. 2.5 under the fourth toe: extended hind leg barely reaches the elbow; tail strongly compressed, with fom strong keels above at base, diminishing to two towards the middle. and with a medium series of wide smooth plates underneath: length of tail much less than twice the length of body. Color (in alcohol) above and on sides vandyke-brown. shiny on the head. dull on body and extremities; obsenre traces of blackish cross-bars on the back and of rertical bars of pale spots on sides of body and tail; a blackish postocular streak below which on the temples a cluster of small whitish


6


Figs. 5, 6.-Tropidophords MISAMINIUS. $2 \times$ NATURAL KIZE. 5, TOP OF HEAD; 6, SIDE OF HEAD. NO. 37383, U.S.N.M. spots and a few scattered ones on the sides of neck; underside shiny, chin, throat, lower neck, palms. soles, and posterior two-thirds of tail blackish brown. each seale with a narrow pale edge ; rest of underside whitish.

## Dimensions.

Tip of snout to rent
Tip of snont to ear-opening ..... 18
Width of head ..... $12 . \pi$
Vent to tip, of tail ..... 1:30
Fore leg ..... $2 ;$
Hind leg ..... $+1$mm

Trariation.-Two other specimens. from the same locality, one halfgrown (No. 37384) and one young ( No. 37385) agree closely in all the structural characters as given in the above description of the type, except that in the young the head-shields are not smooth but feebly rugose. The halfgrown specimen also agrees rery closely in
coloration, but the yomg is lighter brown, with better defined crossbars: it has a whitish streak between eye and ear instead of the temporal spots, and the chin and middle of throat are whitish.

Remarlis.-This species is apparently closely allied to Tropidophornsbrometic. from which it differs in several essential points. especially in the number and size of the supralabials, the relative length of interparietal and parietals, the relative size of ventrals and dorsals, and apparently ${ }^{a}$ in the length of the tail.
${ }^{a}$ Bonlenger (Cat. Liz. Brit. Mus., IlI, 1ssi, 1. B61) says of T. brookei that the tail is " nealry twice as long as the body." but in the dimensions given that of the body is satid to be bi mm. While that of tail is 15.5 mom., consequently nulleb more than twice the body.

